

Bloomberg Philanthropies Initiative for Global Road Safety

Road Safety Grants Programme

Funded by Bloomberg Philanthropies and managed by
the Global Road Safety Partnership

CALL FOR PROPOSALS

Safer Road Users and Safer Vehicles - Round 24

26 August 2025

Bloomberg Philanthropies funds the Bloomberg Philanthropies Initiative for Global Road Safety (BIGRS) to reduce road traffic deaths and injuries in low- and middle-income countries. A competitively awarded grants programme is an important part of the initiative. The Road Safety Grants Programme is managed by the Global Road Safety Partnership, one of the implementing partners of BIGRS, and supports projects to develop and deliver high-impact, evidence-based road safety interventions designed to strengthen road safety policies and their implementation.

Eligibility: The Bloomberg Philanthropies Initiative for Global Road Safety focuses on improving and implementing evidence-based road safety policies (including laws, regulations, and standards) in a number of low- and middle-income countries. A number of evidence-based interventions aimed at reducing road traffic deaths and injuries are included in BIGRS. The Road Safety Grants Programme focuses exclusively on the passage and implementation of evidence-based policies which address key behavioural risk factors (speeding, drink driving, lack of seatbelt use, lack of child restraint use, or lack of helmet use) and vehicle safety standards.

Which countries are eligible to apply?

- Applications addressing national level road safety policy reform and/or its implementation
 with comprehensive provisions on road user behavioural risk factors will be accepted from
 Argentina, Bangladesh, Brazil, China, Colombia, Ecuador, Ethiopia, Ghana, India, Kenya,
 Malaysia, Mexico, Uganda, Ukraine, and Vietnam.
- Applications addressing national level vehicle safety regulations reform and/or vehicle safety regulations implementation will only be accepted from Mexico.
- Given the prevailing situation in **Ukraine**, the process and timeline for grant selection and finalization may be adjusted as needed.

Who can apply for a grant?

Governmental and non-governmental organizations in the nominated countries can apply for grants within the following parameters:

- Governmental organizations with relevant authority over road safety policy and/or its implementation. Road police and military agencies are not eligible to apply.
- · Non-governmental organizations (including but not limited to civil society organizations and



educational institutions) with relevant advocacy experience on policy reform and/or its implementation.

Additionally,

- Applicants must be registered legal entities in the country of project delivery, capable of entering into contractual arrangements, receiving foreign funds, and assuming legal and financial obligations.
- Applicants cannot be recipients of financial support from alcohol, firearms, pornography, or tobacco industries.
- The Road Safety Grants Programme does not fund individuals.
- If you are a current grantee organization, please discuss the development of a Concept Note with your focal person in GRSP.

What kind of projects will be funded?

Proposals must focus on policy reform or policy implementation that will lead to substantial reductions in road traffic injuries and deaths. The Road Safety Grants Programme supports organizations **advocating** for the passage and implementation of comprehensive policies (legislation, regulations, standards, etc.) to address road user behavioural risk factors and vehicle safety. In particular:

Road User Behavioural Risk Factors

- *Speed*: A speed limit law with maximum speed limits based on global best practices and the power of local authorities to reduce speed limits to ensure safe speeds locally.
- *Drink driving*: A national drink-driving law based on Blood Alcohol Concentration (BAC) of 0.05g/dl or lower for the general population and a BAC of 0.02g/dl or lower for novice drivers.
- Helmets: A helmet law that applies to all drivers and passengers, on all roads and all engine types, and requires the helmet to be fastened and which makes reference to a particular helmet standard.
- Seatbelts: A seat-belt law that applies to all private vehicle occupants in front and rear seats.
- Child restraints: A child restraint law based on age, weight or height and the existence of a law that applies age and height restrictions to a child sitting in the front seat.

Vehicle Safety (for Mexico only)

Support strengthening vehicle safety regulations and work towards ensuring that the following safety regulations are applied to and complied with for light-duty vehicles:

- Occupant protection in front collisions UN Reg¹ 94
- Occupant protection in lateral collisions UN Reg 95
- Side pole impact protection UN Reg 135
- Seat belts and seat belt anchorages UN Reg 16 & 14
- Child restraint systems UN Reg 44 and 129
- ISOFIX anchorages UN Reg 145

-

¹ United Nations Regulation



- Electronic stability control UN Reg 13H²/140/GTR 8
- Pedestrian protection UN Reg 127/GTR³ 9
- Advanced emergency braking systems— UN Reg 152
- Mandatory safety labelling

Support strengthening vehicle safety regulations in two-wheelers and work towards ensuring that a motorcycle ABS regulation (UN Reg 78/GTR 3) is applied.

The Road Safety Grants Programme also supports organizations to **support the implementation** of policies to address road user behavioural risk factors (in all eligible countries mentioned above) and vehicle safety (in Mexico only). Some approaches might include:

- Social marketing and media activities to raise public awareness of legislation and ongoing enforcement of it.
- Support efforts to adopt and implement effective regulations, such as helmet standards, child restraint standards, or vehicle safety standards.
- Support a government-led effort to develop an implementation plan, which might include organizing a multi-sectoral coordinating committee; advocating for the establishment and allocation of a budget that will ensure effective implementation.
- Increase consumer awareness of and demand for vehicle safety, helmets, and child restraint systems that fit WHO recommendations.

While the information above outlines the general areas eligible for funding under the grants programme, Round 24 will give priority to projects focusing on the following topics:

Support on-going advocacy initiative for the enactment of speed limit laws to
implement a maximum speed limit of 30 km/h on urban streets and avenues
Advocacy for comprehensive road safety legislation based on a safe system
approach.
Support policies and systems for the effective implementation of the Speed Limit
Guideline 2024.
Amendment of the Brazilian Traffic Code to align maximum speed limits with
WHO recommendations and enable average speed enforcement.
Adoption and implementation of evidence-based policies on child restraint systems
and/or helmets for e-bike riders and passengers.
Support legislative initiatives for the mandatory use of Child Restraint Systems and
align maximum speed limits with global best practices.
Advocate for the effective implementation of policy instruments related to Law
2251 of 2022 ("Ley Julián Esteban").
Advocate for the finalization of regulations for the Transit Law.
Support reforms to the Penal Code in alignment with global best practices.

-

² For old models

³ Global Technical Regulation



Ethiopia	Strengthen road safety policy/legislation linked to the federal level CoM Regulation
Liliopia	557/2024. This includes directives, guidelines, and standards at federal and/or
	regional levels around speeding, DD, occupant restraints and helmet wearing.
	Regional implementation of CoM Regulation 557/2024 for key behavioral risk
	factors, ensuring harmonization or uniformity across regions.
Ghana	Strengthening road safety policy, legislation, regulations, and guidelines around
	drink driving, speeding, child restraint systems, and motorcycle helmet use.
	Developing standards for motorcycle helmets and child restraint systems.
India	Support the strengthening of the Motor Vehicles Act by making the use of Child
	Restraint System mandatory.
	Policy instruments for the effective implementation of the Motor Vehicles
	Amendment Act 2019, focusing on key behavioural risk factors at both national and
	state levels.
	Support the adoption of scientific speed management guidelines by state
	governments.
Kenya	Amendment of the Traffic Act (Cap 403) to strengthen the laws on key behavioural
	risk factors and to strengthen supporting key regulations and legislative guidelines
	around the risk factors, especially speed.
	Support the development of standards pertaining to motorcycle helmets for
	children and child restraint systems.
Malaysia	Strengthening road safety policy/legislation on key behavioural risk factors, notably
	speed.
Mexico	Road user behaviour: Support harmonization of the General Law on Mobility and
	Road Safety
	<u>Vehicle safety:</u> Strengthen vehicle safety regulations by 2027 through the update
	and early adoption of Regulation 194, the development of safety regulations for
	two- and three-wheeled vehicles, and the introduction of vehicle safety labelling
	for all vehicles.
Uganda	Advocate for policy instruments to support the effective implementation of the
	road safety legislation on key behavioural risk factors.
Ukraine	Support legislation to improve the penalty system for speeding, including the
	removal of the unpunishable 20 km/h threshold.
	Support legislation to introduce a demerit points system for violations of traffic
	laws/rules.
Vietnam	Support implementation of the Law on Road Traffic Safey and Order for key
	behavioural risk factors, particularly CRS, and strengthening road safety
	policy/legislation on key behavioral risk factors, notably speed.
	,, 5,

What kind of projects will NOT be funded?

The Road Safety Grants Programme does not fund education programmes (school-based or otherwise). It does not fund basic research or academic studies. Nor does it fund the purchase of equipment or the funding of road infrastructure.



Systematic surveys of compliance of road safety policies as well as projects to strengthen health data collection are being undertaken separately with the support of Bloomberg Philanthropies and are not funded through the Road Safety Grants Programme.

How much funding can a project receive?

Proposals can be submitted for grants up to a maximum amount of 120,000 Swiss Francs (CHF) for a project of no more than 24 months. However, the final amount of funding will depend on a number of factors, including consideration of a proposed scope of work vis-a-vis the capacity of your organization.

Application Process

- Organizations from eligible countries are invited to submit their grant applications through
 our online system at https://grsp.flexigrant.com/. Applicants who are not current grantees
 must submit a concept note, while existing grantees may submit full proposals. All existing
 grantees must first consult their respective GRSP focal persons before submitting a grant
 application. The deadline for submission of the grant application is 15 September 2025 at
 14:00 Central European Time (CET), (To see what time that is in your country, please check
 www.timeanddate.com).
- Applicant organizations may submit more than one concept note. However, duplicate proposals will be deemed ineligible.
- An international panel of experts and members of an advisory working group will review concept notes. They will be scored on their potential to reduce road traffic fatalities and injuries, project design, and applicant organization capacity.
- Applicants will be informed about the outcome of their applications by 22 October 2025.

Points to consider:

- Only applications written in English will be accepted.
- For instructions on submitting a concept note, please go to the following link: https://www.grsproadsafety.org/round-24-now-open/

For more information on GRSP and the Road Safety Grants Programme please visit:

Global Road Safety Partnership:

https://www.grsproadsafety.org/

Road Safety Grants Programme:

https://www.grsproadsafety.org/programmes/grants-programme/